

The IB Diploma Programme, for students aged 16 to 19, is an academically challenging and balanced programme of education that prepares students for success at university and life beyond. Students take courses in six different subject groups, maintaining both breadth and depth of study. Music standard level is in group 6, the arts. In addition, three core elements—the extended essay, theory of knowledge and creativity, action, service—are compulsory and central to the philosophy of the programme.

About the IB: For over 40 years the IB has built a reputation for high-quality, challenging programmes of education that develop internationally minded young people who are well prepared for the challenges of life in the 21st century and able to contribute to creating a better, more peaceful world.

The IB subject briefs illustrate four key course components in the IB Diploma Programme.

- I. Course description and aims
- II. Curriculum model overview
- III. Assessment model
- IV. Sample questions

Overview of the music standard level course and curriculum model

I. Course description and aims

The IB Diploma Programme standard level music course seeks to develop students' knowledge and potential as musicians, both personally and collaboratively. IB Diploma Programme music students are required to study musical perception and actively listen to a wide range of music from different parts of the world, musical cultures and time periods. They also develop aural perception and understanding of music by learning about musical elements, including form and structure, notations, musical terminology and context. Through the course of study, students become aware of how musicians work and communicate. In addition, the course enables students to:

- enjoy lifelong engagement with the arts
- become informed, reflective and critical practitioners in the arts
- understand the dynamic and changing nature of the arts
- explore and value the diversity of the arts across time, place and cultures
- express ideas with confidence and competence
- develop perceptual and analytical skills
- develop their knowledge and potential as musicians, both personally and collaboratively.

II. Curriculum model overview

Music standard level

Components		
Core	Musical perception	75 hours
Options	Students choose one of the three options <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating • Solo performing • Group performing 	75 hours
Total teaching hours		150 hours

III. Assessment model

Assessment for music standard level

The IB assesses student work as direct evidence of achievement against the stated goals of the Diploma Programme courses, which are to provide students with:

- a broad and balanced, yet academically demanding, programme of study
- the development of critical-thinking and reflective skills
- the development of research skills
- the development of independent learning skills
- the development of intercultural understanding
- a globally recognized university entrance qualification.

The assessments aim to test all students' knowledge and understanding of key concepts through various activities that demonstrate:

- knowledge, understanding and perception of music in relation to time, place and cultures
- appropriate musical terminology to describe and reflect their critical understanding of music
- comparative analysis of music in relation to time, place and cultures.
- creative skills through exploration, control and development of musical elements
- performance skills through solo or group music making
- critical-thinking skills through reflective thought.

Students' success in the music standard level course is measured by combining their grades on external and internal assessment.

Assessment for music standard level (continued)

Throughout the teaching of the course students should be encouraged to develop critical thinking and participate in inquiry-based learning, while working both individually and collaboratively.

The listening paper is based on musical perception, reflected through analysis and examination of pieces of music. Section A relates to two prescribed works, of which students study one. Section B relates to music from different times and places, encompassing jazz/pop, western art music and world music.

In the musical links investigation, through the study of pieces from two distinct musical cultures, students are encouraged to explore, analyse and examine the musical connections existing between two (or more) pieces of music. Through investigative study and analysis of the similarities and differences between the selected pieces of music, students learn to demonstrate significant musical links.

For the creating option, students create two 3- to 6-minute pieces, choosing from a wide range of styles and media, including traditional instruments, voices and/or music technology, and reflect on their understanding of the intention, process and outcome of the pieces

For the solo performing option, students must submit a programme of contrasting pieces in any style of music that is 15 minutes in length.

For the group performing option, a submission is made for students in the group of pieces selected from two or more public performances that is 20–30 minutes in length.

Assessment criteria are used to assess students' achievement in music. These criteria are related to the assessment objectives established for the music course and to the group 6 grade descriptors.

Assessment at a glance

Type of assessment	Format of assessment	Time (hours)	Weighting of final grade (%)
External			50
<i>Listening Paper</i>	Four musical perception questions	2	30
<i>Musical links investigation</i>	A written media script of 2,000 words or less, investigating the significant musical links between two or more pieces from distinct musical cultures		20
Internal			50
<i>Creating or performing</i>	Students choose one of the three options. Creating: Two pieces of coursework with recordings and written work Solo performing: A recording selected from pieces presented during one or more public performances Group performing: A recording selected from pieces presented during two or more public performances		

IV. Sample questions

The following questions appeared in previous IB Diploma Programme music standard level examinations.*

Listening paper section A

Sample: *El Salón México* by A Copland

Demonstrate the rhythmic sophistication found in Copland's *El Salón México* by discussing **at least four** elements/features in the passage between rehearsal numbers 11–27 (bar/measure 103–267).

* the syllabus for examinations current until 2019

Listening paper section B

Sample: *First movement* from *Symphony No 1, Op 25*

“*Classical*” by S Prokofiev (score provided)

With clear reference to the score provided, analyse, examine and discuss in detail what you hear in this extract.

Sample: Unidentified Piece (no score provided)

Analyse, examine and discuss in detail what you hear in this extract.

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The IB Diploma Programme, for students aged 16 to 19, is an academically challenging and balanced programme of education that prepares students for success at university and life beyond. Students take courses in six different subject groups, maintaining both breadth and depth of study. Music higher level is in group 6, the arts. In addition, three core elements—the extended essay, theory of knowledge and creativity, action, service—are compulsory and central to the philosophy of the programme.

About the IB: For over 40 years the IB has built a reputation for high-quality, challenging programmes of education that develop internationally minded young people who are well prepared for the challenges of life in the 21st century and able to contribute to creating a better, more peaceful world.

The IB subject briefs illustrate key course components in the IB Diploma Programme.

- I. Course description and aims
- II. Curriculum model overview
- III. Assessment model
- IV. Sample questions

Overview of the music higher level course and curriculum model

I. Course description and aims

The IB Diploma Programme higher level music course seeks to develop students' knowledge and potential as musicians, both personally and collaboratively. IB Diploma Programme music students are required to study musical perception and actively listen to a wide range of music from different parts of the world, musical cultures and time periods. They also develop aural perception and understanding of music by learning about musical elements, including form and structure, notations, musical terminology, and context. Through the course of study, students become aware of how musicians work and communicate. In addition, the course enables students to:

- enjoy lifelong engagement with the arts
- become informed, reflective and critical practitioners in the arts
- understand the dynamic and changing nature of the arts
- explore and value the diversity of the arts across time, place and cultures
- express ideas with confidence and competence
- develop perceptual and analytical skills
- develop their knowledge and potential as musicians, both personally and collaboratively.

II. Curriculum model overview

Music higher level

Components	
<i>Musical perception</i>	90 hours
<i>Creating</i>	75 hours
<i>Solo performing</i>	75 hours
Total teaching hours	240 hours

III. Assessment model

Assessment for music higher level

The IB assesses student work as direct evidence of achievement against the stated goals of the Diploma Programme courses, which are to provide students with:

- a broad and balanced, yet academically demanding, programme of study
- the development of critical-thinking and reflective skills
- the development of research skills
- the development of independent learning skills
- the development of intercultural understanding
- a globally recognized university entrance qualification.

The assessments aim to test all students' knowledge and understanding of key concepts through various activities that demonstrate:

- knowledge, understanding and perception of music in relation to time, place and cultures
- appropriate musical terminology to describe and reflect their critical understanding of music
- comparative analysis of music in relation to time, place and cultures
- creative skills through exploration, control and development of musical elements
- performance skills through solo music making
- critical-thinking skills through reflective thought.

Students' success in the music higher level course is measured by combining their grades in external and internal assessment.

Throughout the teaching of the course students should be encouraged to develop critical thinking and participate in inquiry-based learning, while working both individually and collaboratively.

Assessment for music higher level (continued)

The listening paper is based on musical perception—analysis, examination, comparing and contrasting of pieces of music. Section A relates to two prescribed works and section B to music from different times and places, encompassing jazz/pop, western art music and world music.

In the musical links investigation, through the study of pieces from two distinct musical cultures, students are encouraged to explore, analyse and examine the musical connections existing between two (or more) pieces of music. Through investigative study and analysis of the similarities and differences between the selected pieces of music, students learn to demonstrate significant musical links.

In creating, students create three pieces of 3 to 6 minutes in length choosing from a wide range of styles and media, including traditional instruments, voices and/or music technology, and reflect on their understanding of the intention, process and outcome of the pieces.

In the performing component, students must submit a programme of contrasting pieces in any style of music that is 20 minutes in length.

Assessment criteria are used to assess students' achievement in music. These criteria are related to the assessment objectives established for the music course and to the group 6 grade descriptors.

Assessment at a glance

Type of assessment	Format of assessment	Time (hours)	Weighting of final grade (%)
External			50
<i>Listening paper</i>	Five musical perception questions	2.5	30
<i>Musical links investigation</i>	A written media script of 2,000 words or less, investigating the significant musical links between two or more pieces from distinct musical cultures		20
Internal			50
<i>Creating and performing</i>	Creating: three pieces of coursework with recordings and written work		25
	Solo performing: A recording selected from pieces presented during one or more public performances		25

IV. Sample questions

The following questions appeared in previous IB Diploma Programme music higher level examinations.*

Listening paper section A

Sample: *Symphony No 41 in C Major, K. 551 "Jupiter"* by W A Mozart and *El Salón México* by A Copland
Through the link of thematic development, compare Copland's *El Salón México* to any one movement (with exception of the fourth movement) of Mozart's *"Jupiter" Symphony*.

Listening paper section B

Sample: *First movement* from *Symphony No 1, Op 25 "Classical"* by S Prokofiev (score provided)
With clear reference to the score provided, analyse, examine and discuss in detail what you hear in this extract.

Sample: Unidentified Piece (no score provided)
Analyse, examine and discuss in detail what you hear in this extract.

* the syllabus for examinations current until 2019

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International Baccalaureate Diploma Programme Subject Brief

The arts:

Visual arts—Standard level

First assessments 2016 – Last assessments 2022

The IB Diploma Programme (DP) is a rigorous, academically challenging and balanced programme of education designed to prepare students aged 16 to 19 for success at university and life beyond. The DP aims to encourage students to be knowledgeable, inquiring, caring and compassionate, and to develop intercultural understanding, open-mindedness and the attitudes necessary to respect and evaluate a range of viewpoints. Approaches to teaching and learning (ATL) within the DP are deliberate strategies, skills and attitudes that permeate the teaching and learning environment. In the DP students develop skills from five ATL categories: thinking, research, social, self-management and communication.

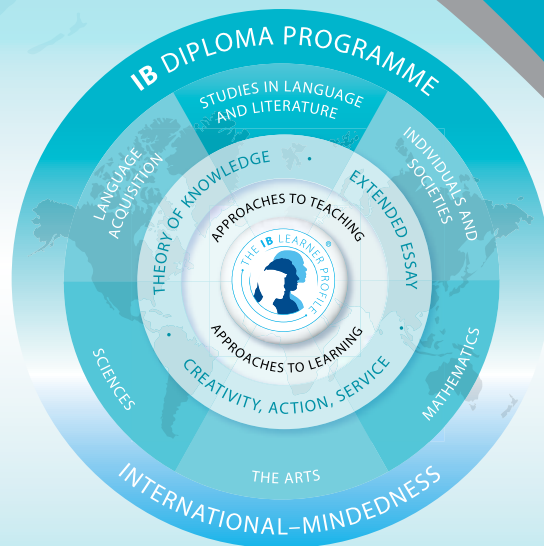
To ensure both breadth and depth of knowledge and understanding, students must choose at least one subject from five groups: 1) their best language, 2) additional language(s), 3) social sciences, 4) experimental sciences, and 5) mathematics. Students may choose either an arts subject from group 6, or a second subject from groups 1 to 5. At least three and not more than four subjects are taken at higher level (240 recommended teaching hours), while the remaining are taken at standard level (150 recommended teaching hours). In addition, three core elements—the extended essay, theory of knowledge and creativity, action, service—are compulsory and central to the philosophy of the programme.

These IB DP subject briefs illustrate three key course components.

I. Course description and aims

II. Curriculum model overview

III. Assessment model



I. Course description and aims

The IB Diploma Programme visual arts course encourages students to challenge their own creative and cultural expectations and boundaries. It is a thought-provoking course in which students develop analytical skills in problem-solving and divergent thinking, while working towards technical proficiency and confidence as art-makers. In addition to exploring and comparing visual arts from different perspectives and in different contexts, students are expected to engage in, experiment with and critically reflect upon a wide range of contemporary practices and media. The course is designed for students who want to go on to study visual arts in higher education as well as for those who are seeking lifelong enrichment through visual arts.

The role of visual arts teachers should be to actively and carefully organize learning experiences for the students, directing their study to enable them to reach their potential and satisfy the demands of the course. Students should be empowered to become autonomous, informed and skilled visual artists.

The aims of the arts subjects are to enable students to:

1. enjoy lifelong engagement with the arts
2. become informed, reflective and critical practitioners in the arts
3. understand the dynamic and changing nature of the arts
4. explore and value the diversity of the arts across time, place and cultures
5. express ideas with confidence and competence
6. develop perceptual and analytical skills.

In addition, the aims of the visual arts course at SL and HL are to enable students to:

7. make artwork that is influenced by personal and cultural contexts
8. become informed and critical observers and makers of visual culture and media
9. develop skills, techniques and processes in order to communicate concepts and ideas.

II. Curriculum model overview

Component	Recommended teaching hours
Visual arts in context <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examine and compare the work of artists from different cultural contexts. • Consider the contexts influencing their own work and the work of others. • Make art through a process of investigation, thinking critically and experimenting with techniques. • Apply identified techniques to their own developing work. • Develop an informed response to work and exhibitions they have seen and experienced. • Begin to formulate personal intentions for creating and displaying their own artworks. 	50

<p>Visual arts methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Look at different techniques for making art. • Investigate and compare how and why different techniques have evolved and the processes involved. • Experiment with diverse media and explore techniques for making art. • Develop concepts through processes informed by skills, techniques and media. • Evaluate how their ongoing work communicates meaning and purpose. • Consider the nature of “exhibition” and think about the process of selection and the potential impact of their work on different audiences. 	50
<p>Communicating visual arts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore ways of communicating through visual and written means. • Make artistic choices about how to most effectively communicate knowledge and understanding. • Produce a body of artwork through a process of reflection and evaluation, showing a synthesis of skill, media and concept. • Select and present resolved works for exhibition. • Explain the ways in which the works are connected. • Discuss how artistic judgments impact the overall presentation. 	50

Throughout the course students are required to maintain a visual arts journal. Although sections of the journal will be selected, adapted and presented for assessment, the journal itself is not directly assessed or moderated. It is, however, regarded as a fundamental activity of the course.

III. Assessment model

Having followed the visual arts course, students are expected to:

1. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of specified content
 - Identify various contexts in which the visual arts can be created and presented
 - Describe artwork from differing contexts, and identify the ideas, conventions and techniques employed by the art-makers
 - Recognize the skills, techniques, media, forms and processes associated with the visual arts
 - Present work, using appropriate visual arts language, as appropriate to intentions
2. Demonstrate application and analysis of knowledge and understanding
 - Express concepts, ideas and meaning through visual communication

- Analyse artworks from a variety of different contexts
 - Apply knowledge and understanding of skills, techniques, media, forms and processes related to art-making
3. Demonstrate synthesis and evaluation
 - Critically analyse and discuss artworks created by themselves and others and articulate an informed personal response
 - Formulate personal intentions for the planning, development and making of artworks that consider how meaning can be conveyed to an audience
 - Demonstrate the use of critical reflection to highlight success and failure in order to progress work
 - Evaluate how and why art-making evolves and justify the choices made in their own visual practice
 4. Select, use and apply a variety of appropriate skills and techniques
 - Experiment with different media, materials and techniques in art-making
 - Make appropriate choices in the selection of images, media, materials and techniques in art-making
 - Demonstrate technical proficiency in the use and application of skills, techniques, media, images, forms and processes
 - Produce a body of resolved and unresolved artworks as appropriate to intentions

Assessment at a glance

Type of assessment	Format of assessment	Weighting of final grade (%)
External		60
Comparative study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10–15 screens which examine and compare at least 3 artworks, at least 2 of which should be by different artists • A list of sources used 	20
Process portfolio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 9–18 screens which evidence the student’s sustained experimentation, exploration, manipulation and refinement of a variety of art-making activities 	40
Internal		40
Exhibition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A curatorial rationale that does not exceed 400 words • 4–7 artworks • Exhibition text (stating the title, medium, size and intention) for each artwork 	40

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For further information on the IB Diploma Programme, and a complete list of DP subject briefs, visit: <http://www.ibo.org/diploma/>.

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International Baccalaureate Diploma Programme Subject Brief

The arts:

Visual arts—Higher level

First assessments 2016 – Last assessments 2022

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To ensure both breadth and depth of knowledge and understanding, students must choose at least one subject from five groups: 1) their best language, 2) additional language(s), 3) social sciences, 4) experimental sciences, and 5) mathematics. Students may choose either an arts subject from group 6, or a second subject from groups 1 to 5. At least three and not more than four subjects are taken at higher level (240 recommended teaching hours), while the remaining are taken at standard level (150 recommended teaching hours). In addition, three core elements—the extended essay, theory of knowledge and creativity, action, service—are compulsory and central to the philosophy of the programme.

These IB DP subject briefs illustrate three key course components.

I. Course description and aims

II. Curriculum model overview

III. Assessment model



I. Course description and aims

The IB Diploma Programme visual arts course encourages students to challenge their own creative and cultural expectations and boundaries. It is a thought-provoking course in which students develop analytical skills in problem-solving and divergent thinking, while working towards technical proficiency and confidence as art-makers. In addition to exploring and comparing visual arts from different perspectives and in different contexts, students are expected to engage in, experiment with and critically reflect upon a wide range of contemporary practices and media. The course is designed for students who want to go on to further study of visual arts in higher education as well as for those who are seeking lifelong enrichment through visual arts.

The role of visual arts teachers should be to actively and carefully organize learning experiences for the students, directing their study to enable them to reach their potential and satisfy the demands of the course. Students should be empowered to become autonomous, informed and skilled visual artists.

The aims of the arts subjects are to enable students to:

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5. express ideas with confidence and competence
6. develop perceptual and analytical skills.

In addition, the aims of the visual arts course at SL and HL are to enable students to:

7. make artwork that is influenced by personal and cultural contexts
8. become informed and critical observers and makers of visual culture and media
9. develop skills, techniques and processes in order to communicate concepts and ideas.

II. Curriculum model overview

Component	Recommended teaching hours
<p>Visual arts in context</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examine and compare the work of artists from different cultural contexts. • Consider the contexts influencing their own work and the work of others. • Make art through a process of investigation, thinking critically and experimenting with techniques. • Apply identified techniques to their own developing work. • Develop an informed response to work and exhibitions they have seen and experienced. • Begin to formulate personal intentions for creating and displaying their own artworks. 	80

Visual arts methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Look at different techniques for making art. • Investigate and compare how and why different techniques have evolved and the processes involved. • Experiment with diverse media and explore techniques for making art. • Develop concepts through processes informed by skills, techniques and media. • Evaluate how their ongoing work communicates meaning and purpose. • Consider the nature of “exhibition”, and think about the process of selection and the potential impact of their work on different audiences. 	80
Communicating visual arts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore ways of communicating through visual and written means. • Make artistic choices about how to most effectively communicate knowledge and understanding. • Produce a body of artwork through a process of reflection and evaluation, showing a synthesis of skill, media and concept. • Select and present resolved works for exhibition. • Explain the ways in which the works are connected. • Discuss how artistic judgments impact the overall presentation. 	80

Throughout the course students are required to maintain a visual arts journal. Although sections of the journal will be selected, adapted and presented for assessment, the journal itself is not directly assessed or moderated. It is, however, regarded as a fundamental activity of the course.

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 - Identify various contexts in which the visual arts can be created and presented
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 - Demonstrate technical proficiency in the use and application of skills, techniques, media, images, forms and processes
 - Produce a body of resolved and unresolved artworks as appropriate to intentions

Assessment at a glance

Type of assessment	Format of assessment	Weighting of final grade (%)
External		60
Comparative study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10–15 screens which examine and compare at least 3 artworks, at least 2 of which need to be by different artists • 3–5 screens which analyse the extent to which the student’s work and practices have been influenced by the art and artists examined • A list of sources used 	20
Process portfolio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 13–25 screens which evidence sustained experimentation, exploration, manipulation and refinement of a variety of art-making activities 	40
Internal		40
Exhibition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A curatorial rationale that does not exceed 700 words • 8–11 artworks • Exhibition text (stating the title, medium, size and intention) for each artwork 	40

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