Year 8 Ways of Doing-Mathematics

Exceeding

Expected

Number

Algebra

Geometry & Measures

 -Use the lattice method (and proportional adjustment) to efficiently multiply 2 decimals together -Add and subtract algebraic fractions -Increase or decrease by a fraction of an amount -Round decimals to certain significant figures (e.g. 0.00035 to 1sf) -Explore surds -Make estimates for the square roots of surds by recalling square numbers -Use proportion to solve similar shape problems -Increase or decrease by a fraction of an amount -Find the percentage of an amount with a calculator -Solving compound interest and depreciation problems -Solve original value problems with or without a calculator 	-Solve inequations -Solve linear equations involving adding and subtraction algebraic fractions	 -Find missing angles that require forming, simplifying and solving algebraic equations -Find missing angles in parallel lines that require forming, simplifying and solving algebraic equations -Justify whether two lines are parallel -Enlarge shapes from a centre of enlargement with a negative scale factor -Find areas of sectors using proportional reasoning -Form algebraic expressions for surface area of cuboids -Find the surface area of spheres and cones -Form algebraic expressions for volumes of cuboids -Solve problems involving volumes of spheres, cones and frustums -Explore how units of measurement and dimensions are related and can be proven algebraically
 -Use the column method for subtraction (borrowing) -Choose an appropriate multiplication method to solve worded problems -Use short division to divide numbers by a decimal (using proportional adjustment) -Choose an appropriate division method to solve worded problems -Use long/short division methods for dividing decimals by a decimal -Evaluate negative indices with base 10 -Multiply and divide numbers with negative powers of ten (0.1, 0.01, 0.001 etc.) -Add and subtract mixed numbers -Multiply and Divide two fractions including mixed numbers -Calculate with powers of negatives e.g. (-3)³ -Perform calculations accurately and fluently with negative numbers in different contexts 	 -Solve linear equations with unknowns on both sides -Expand and simplify expressions with double brackets (coefficient of x2>1) -Factorise 3 term expressions -Apply or evaluate laws when the indices are fractional and negative -Rearrange formulae to change the subject by factorising (splits) -Recall the difference between expression, equation, formula and IDENTITY 	 -Find missing angles by applying your knowledge of geometric notation -Explain why, using angle facts, their answer is correct (angle reasoning) -Find missing angles which require combining alternate, corresponding and vertically opposite angles -Explain why, using angle facts, their answer is correct (angle reasoning) -Find how many sides a shape has when given the sum of interior angles -Find interior or exterior angles in problems involving multiple polygons -Reflect shapes in horizontal, vertical and diagonal lines e.g. x=3, y=-2, y=x, y=-x etc. -Enlarge shapes from a centre of enlargement with a fractional scale factor -Draw combined transformations

Statistics & Probability

Explore how to avoid bias when asking a sample of the population
Use a sample space diagram to solve probability problems
Find the probability of an outcome of two dependent events using fractions or decimals
Explain why theoretical probability is not always what we see in reality
Consider the most efficient method for finding a probability

-Construct two-way tables from worded (disguised) problems Interpret data from two-way tables Explain why representing data in a two-way table is useful -Construct an ordered back to back stem and leaf diagram -Compare two sets of data in a back to back stem and leaf by referring to averages and spread and give reasons for differences -Find the mean and median from a frequency table Interpret averages (e.g. why you might choose to use the mode instead of the median for this data set) Interpret whether averages represent the data well (outliers)

-Apply accurately the correct order of operations to		-Describe reflections fully	-Е
complex calculations including those involving		-Describe enlargements fully	С
fractions		-Find the area of shapes by forming, simplifying and	-1
-Round whole numbers to certain significant figures		solving algebraic equations	it
-Round decimals which require carrying over tenths,		-Calculate exactly with multiples of $\boldsymbol{\pi}$	-A
hundredths etc. (e.g. 0.598 rounded to 2 dp)		-Find the surface area of prisms	-0
-Estimate the value of calculations by rounding each		-Find the surface area of shapes in contextual	0
number to 1 significant figure first		problems	-(
-Find the cube root of a number		-Find volumes of prisms, including those with cross-	ir
-Use a calculator to find squares, cubes and roots		sections that are compound shapes	-(
-Square and square root decimal numbers		-Find missing lengths, given the volume	w
-Evaluate expressions when the indices are fractional		-Convert metric units of volume e.g. cm ³ to m ³	-F
and/or negative		-Convert between metric units including area and	in
-Apply laws of indices to evaluate numerical		volume	-5
expressions			d
-Use the products of prime factors to find the LCM and			d
HCF of two or more numbers			
-Apply proportional reasoning to solve problems			
-Relate ratios to fractions and percentages			
-Use the unitary method to solve inverse proportion			
questions			
-Use proportion to draw or interpret scale drawings			
-Find any fraction of an amount			
-Find percentages of amounts involving decimals (e.g.			
2.5%) without a calculator			
-Find the percentage change using a calculator			
-Use the column method for addition	-Solve linear equations with two steps, including	-Find missing angles by combining two or more	-(
-Use the column method for subtraction (no borrowing)	ones with brackets	angle facts	-F
-Use the column or grid methods to multiply numbers	-Expand and simplify expressions with double	-Recognise the common conventions for geometric	ta
with more than 2 digits together	brackets (negatives)	notation	-1
-Use long division for dividing numbers with	-Factorise an expression by taking out more than	-Find missing angles in parallel lines using alternate	ta
remainders	one common factor	and corresponding angles	-F
-Use short division to leave answer as a decimal or	-Apply the three laws of indices with numbers as	-Calculate one interior angle of any given polygon	fr
mixed number	well as algebraic expressions	-Reflect shapes in diagonal lines	-F
-Divide numbers by factors when the divisor is not a 2-	-Rearrange formulae to change the subject with	-Reflect shapes on a grid in the axes	-F
digit multiple of 10	>2 operations	-Enlarge shapes from a centre of enlargement in x,y	-(
-Use the chunking method to divide numbers with	-Use correct algebraic notation for operations	plane	re
more than 3 digits	-Recall the difference between expression,	-Describe translations using vector notation	-E
-Multiply and divide numbers by 0.1, 0.01 etc.	equation, formula and IDENTITY	-Describe rotations fully, using tracing paper to find	Se
			20

-Explain the difference between discrete and		
continuous data		
-Identify the words used in a question that makes		
it leading		
-Ask a variety of open, closed, option questions		
-Construct a sample space diagram to show all		
outcomes		
-Calculate missing probabilities in a table		
involving algebra		
-Calculate the number of times an outcome		
would occur using the theoretical probability		
-Find the probability of and outcome of two		
independent events using fractions or decimals		
-Solve a problem involving two (or more)		
dependent or independent events using a tree		
diagram		

-Construct two way tables
-Find and simplify probabilities from two-way
tables
-Identify when it is appropriate to use two-way
table
-Find the mode, modal group, median and range
from a stem and leaf diagram
-Find the mode from a frequency table
-Find numbers in a set when given the averages
-Compare the consistency of results by making
reference to the spread (range)
-Explain the difference between primary and
secondary data

 -Use the lattice method to multiply decimals by first removing the decimal point -Order decimals -Multiply and divide decimals with positive powers of ten -Add and subtract fractions with different denominators -Multiply and dividing fractions with whole numbers -Add and subtract with negative numbers -Add and subtract with negative numbers -Apply accurately the correct order of operations with calculations involving indices -Insert brackets into a calculation to change the answer 		 -Find the area of a parallelogram, trapezium and compound shapes -Solve problems involving missing lengths when given the area -Solve more complex problems involving: <i>-Parts of circles e.g. semi-circle</i> <i>Word questions</i> <i>-Finding the radius or diameter given the area</i> -Find the surface area of a cuboid from its dimensions -Find missing lengths of a cuboid from information about its surface area
 -Round decimals to a certain amount of decimal places (2dp, 3dp etc) -Use approximation to check the magnitude of a calculation before or after the proper calculation -Find the cube of a number -Find the square root of a number -Express a number as a product of its prime factors using index notation -Recall that a proportion is described as a fraction -Divide an amount into a given ratio -Use the unitary method to solve proportion problems -Find any fraction of an amount where the numerator is 1 -Use 1%, 10%, 25% and 50% to find 20%, 30%, 5% etc. of amounts -Find the single multiplier for decrease and increase problems -Find the percentage change for simple non-calculator examples (was \$100, now \$150) 		-Use the appropriate unit for the size of the volume you are finding -Use the length, width and height to find the volume of cuboids -Find missing lengths, given the volume -Convert between metric units for capacity and metric units for mass units e.g. ml to l, or kg to g etc.
 -Use partitioning and a number line to add two numbers together -Subtract by counting on using a number line -Use the column method to multiply 2 digit numbers together -Use the grid method to multiply 2 digits together -Use long division to divide numbers with no remainders -Use the bus stop method (short division) to divide 	 -Use function machines to find the input from the output -Solve linear equations (one step) using inverse operations -Expand and simplify expressions with double brackets (positive only) -Find HCF of numbers and expressions -Accurately apply the three laws of indices to simplify algebraic expressions 	 -Identify acute, obtuse and reflex angles -Identify vertically opposite angles -Identify types of angles by estimating their size -Find one missing angle in triangles, straight lines, quadrilaterals and around a point -Identify and label vertically opposite angles -Identify and label alternate and corresponding angles on a parallel line

Supported

-Determine whether questions give a qualitative or quantitative response -Create questions with qualitative and quantitative responses -Improve a question and/or the response boxes -List all the outcomes of 2 events -Complete a partially filled in sample space diagram for two events - Recall the definition for mutually exclusive events -Use P(outcome) and P'(outcome) notation -Find the probability of an outcome NOT happening (P'=1-P) -Calculate missing probabilities in a table -Complete a tree diagram for two dependent events using fractions or decimals

-Complete partially filled two-way tables
-Find values from two-way tables
-Construct an ordered stem and leaf diagram with a key
-Find averages (mode, median and mean) and from a list of numbers
-Compare simple averages (e.g. mean of goals scored by boys vs mean of goals scored by girls) numbers with no remainders -Identify the subject of a formula -Find factors of numbers -Use function machines to get the operations in -Divide numbers by factors when the divisor is a 2-digit the right order Rearrange formulae with one operation multiple of 10 -Use the chunking method to divide up to a 3 digit Recall the difference between expression, equation, formula and IDENTITY number -Add and subtract decimals using the column method Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 etc. -Read, write and say numbers in figures and in words Identify the place value of a digit in a number -Multiply and divide whole numbers with positive powers of ten -Identify the missing operation between whole numbers using powers of ten (10, 100, 1000 etc.) -Convert between improper and mixed numbers -Simplify fractions -Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator -Convert between improper and mixed numbers -Find equivalent fractions -Simplify fractions -Find fractions of amounts -Multiply and divide with negative numbers Simplifying expressions by collecting (adding and subtracting) terms -Apply accurately the correct order of operations with no indices -Round to nearest unit, 10, 100 and 100 -Check the accuracy of a calculation by using inverse operations -Express a number as a product of its prime factors -Find the square of a number -Use index notation -Write ratios in the correct order Simplify and find equivalent ratios -Use proportion to solve recipe style questions (double and halves) -Find halves and quarters of an amount -Find 50%, 25% of an amount by halving or quartering -Find 10% or 1% by dividing by 10 or 100 -Increase and decrease amounts by 1%, 10%, 25% and 50% to find 20%, 30%, 5% etc. without a calculator

Find missing angles using vertically opposite angles Identify exterior and interior angles Calculate the sum of interior angles of any given polygon using the formula Find the exterior angle of a given polygon Translate shapes using vector notation Rotate shapes using tracing paper Reflect shapes using a vertical or horizontal mirror line Enlarge shapes using a scale factor Recall what happens with each transformation (e.g. slide, flip, turn, bigger or smaller) Recall what vector instructions mean Find the area of a rectangle or triangle -Find the missing lengths of rectangles and triangles when given the area -Identify parts of a circle Find the area of a circle when given the radius Find the surface area of a 3D shape from its net Find the surface area of a cuboid Find the volume of solid shapes by counting cubes and thinking about layers -Use the correct units for volume -Multiply and divide by 10, 100, 1000 etc. to convert metric units. Use appropriate metric units based on the size of what you are measuring Convert between metric length units e.g. mm to m

-Recall that response boxes should be exhaustive and non-overlapping

-Recall that timescales should be specified in the question

-Give reasons why questions and/or response boxes are wrong in a questionnaire