What is Phonics? Reception to Year 2





States and

Be Ambitious Be Regents

Aims of this session



- > To explain our early approach to teaching reading and writing.
- To explain what Phonics is and how it helps children to read and write.
- To model letter names and sounds
- To offer support and ideas enabling you as a parent/carer to help your child at home with their reading and writing.

How do children learn to read and write?

- 1. Sound detectives; we help children be attuned to the sounds around them, getting them ready for oral blending and segmenting.
- 2. We introduce children to the letters and their sounds.
- 3. We refine letter formation; supporting early writing
- 4. We teach children how to blend sounds together for reading.
- 5. We help children identify sounds in words when they are writing.



What is a phoneme?

A *phoneme* is the smallest unit of sound in a word : d og leaf

There are 42 different letter sounds

- O The order in which the letter sounds are taught go from the simplest to the more complex letter sounds.
- O The first group of letters were chosen because you can make more simple, threeletter words than with any other combination of 6 letters. This enables the children to start blending, reading words from the first week. This is hugely motivating !

s. a. t. p. i. n.



Sounds and the order they are learnt

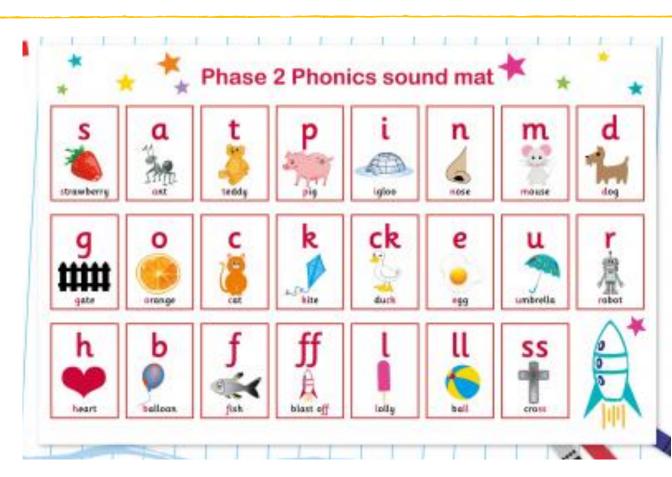
Phase 2

Children are taught

The letter names and sounds

How to blend them together to read and write ...

- VC words- it, in, at
- CVC words sat , pin, pat, sit



Task: How many words can you make using the following letters? s. a. t. p. i. n

Task

How many words can you make using the following letters s. a. t. p. i. n.?

s.a.t p.i.n p.a.t n.a.t n.i.t p.a.n s.i.p t.i.p t.a.p

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Phase 3

Phase 3 introduces children to the remaining, more difficult phonemes.



Learning the letters and their sounds



Phonics Play is a website (not an app) that allows you children to play games that help support

-Matching letters to sounds -Phonics for reading -Phonics for writing

You may login with the following details

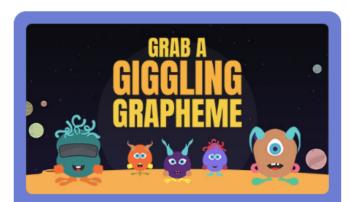
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Resources









Teaching

Ideas

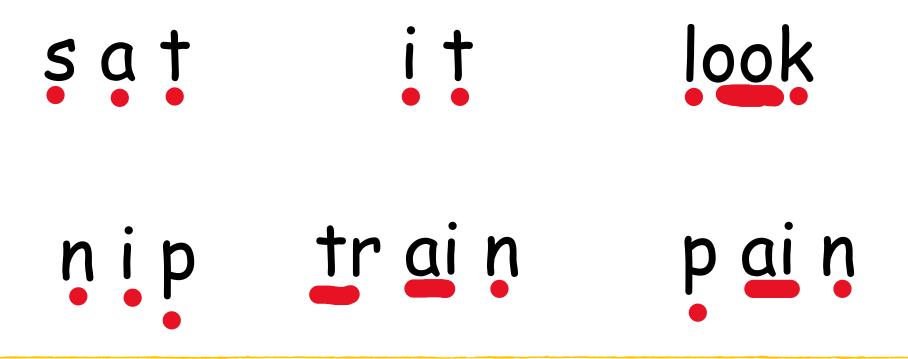
Grab a Giggling Grapheme

Good for: Matching phonemes and graphemes.

Blending: Reading

Blending is

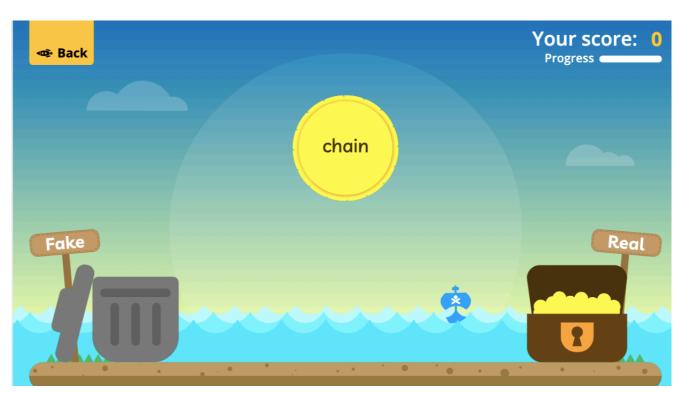
Recognising the sounds in a word and putting them together in the correct order to pronounce the word e.g. 'cup'.

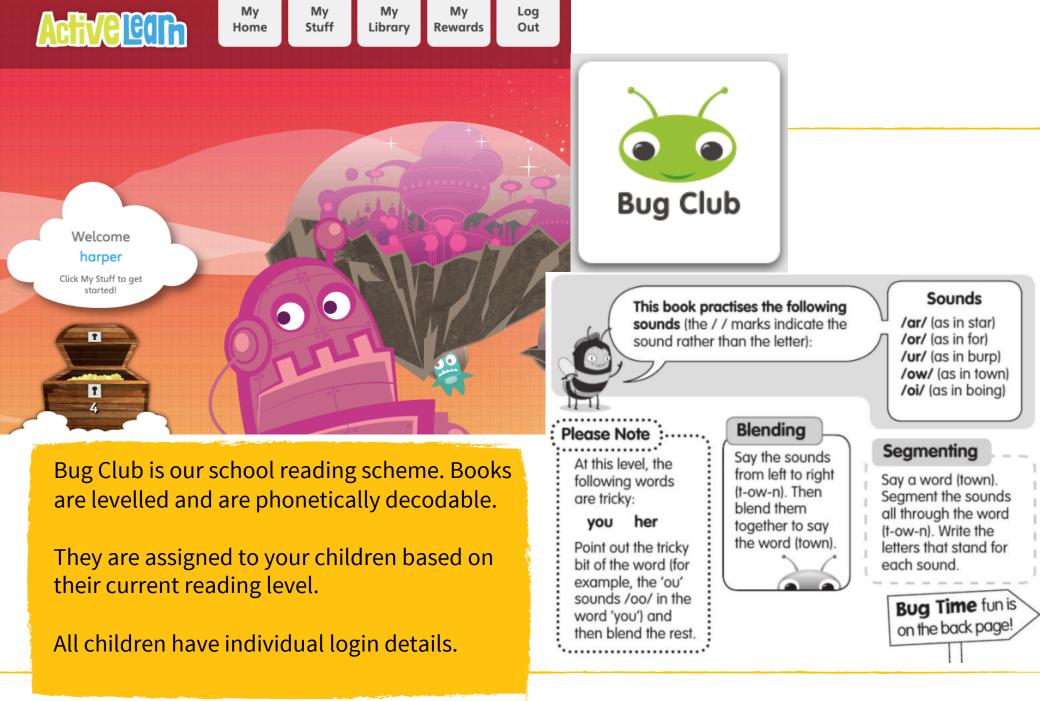






Blend the sounds in the word, read it, is it a real word or a fake word?







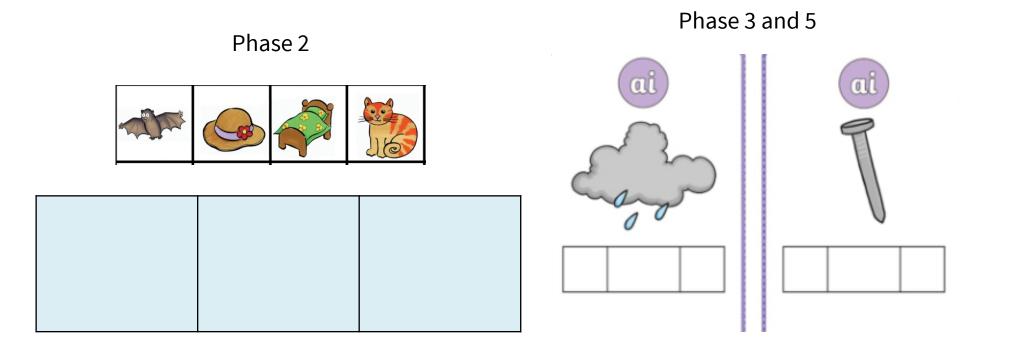
Here is an example of a Bug Club reading book that uses phase 3 phonemes.

The children have to blend the sounds together when reading.

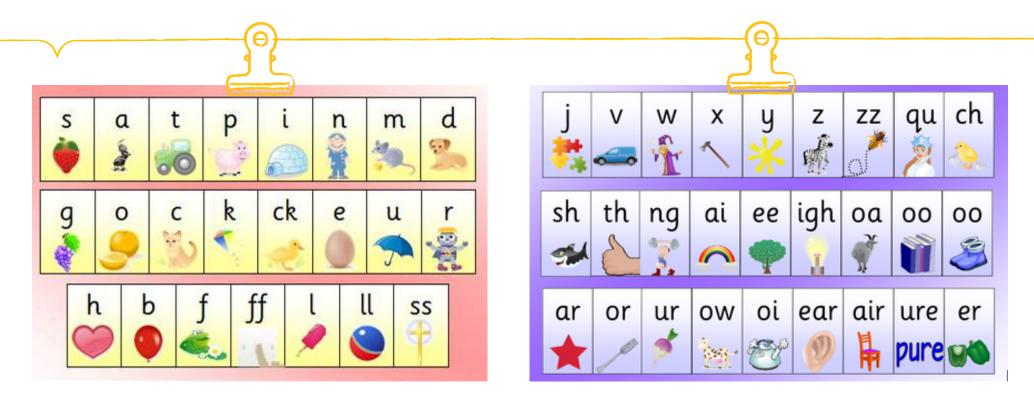
As parents we can help them identify the sounds in the words, especially the digraphsigh, ar, oo

Segmenting; Writing

Segmenting is identifying the individual sounds in a spoken word e.g. c-a-t and writing down or manipulating letters for each sound to form the word 'cat'.



Sound Mats



- O When children are sounding out words, it is helpful if they have a sound mat.
- These sound mats help them to match the sound to the letter, they also support letter formation.

Phase 4

Children should now be blending and segmenting confidently.

They should be starting to read some words straight off, without having to sound them out.

They should also be able to write every letter, mostly correctly.



Practise reading and spelling CVCC words - bump', 'nest', 'belt,' 'milk'

Practise reading and writing sentences using their knowledge of letters and sounds

Introducing alternative spellings



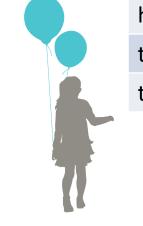
- Introducing alternative spellings supports their fluency for reading, we also begin to see children using the correct spellings in their writing.
- Children learn different ways of spelling each sound (graphemes) and alternative pronunciations for these: for example, learning that the grapheme 'ow' makes a different sound in 'snow' and 'cow'.
- C They learn about split **digraphs** (the 'magic e') such as the a-e in 'name.'

> They'll start to choose the right graphemes when spelling.

Phase 5: An example of alternative spellings

Alternative spellings for the $U\Gamma$ phoneme

ur	ir	er	ear	or
fur	girl	fern	learn	word
burn	bird	stern	heard	worm
curl	shirt	herbs	earn	worst
hurt	skirt	jerky	search	world
turn	birth	servant	early	work
turnip	first	perky	earth	worth



Phase 5 Games to support learning



Cheeky Chimps

Good for: Learning to cope with alternative pronounciations.

Teaching Ideas



Acorn Adventures

Good for: Learning to cope with alternative pronounciations.

Teaching Ideas

Phonics Play, phase 5 games

Split digraphs: Magic 'e'



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bZhl6YcrxZQ



Thank you so much!

Please let me know If you have any questions Kelly.Heasley@regents-pattaya.co.th



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